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		LIST OF ACRO	ONYMS									
ACH	Р	Advisory Council on Historic Preservation										
CDFW		California Department of Fish and Wildlife										
CES	A	California Endangered Species Act										
CFR		Code of Federal Regulations										
DSOD		Department of Water Resources Division of Safety of Dams										
ESA		Endangered Species Act										
ESSLIA		East Shore Silver Lake Improvement Association, Inc.										
FE		Federally Endangered										
FERC		Federal Energy Regulatory Commission										
FP		Fully Protected										
FT		Federally Threatened										
JLRPAC		June Lake Regional Planning Advisory Committee										
NPS		National Park Service										
Project		Rush Creek Project										
SCF		Southern California Edison Company										

SE State Endangered

SSC Species of Special Concern

ST State Threatened

USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

5.0 PRELIMINARY ISSUES, DRAFT TECHNICAL STUDY PLANS, AND RELEVANT PLANS

5.1 Introduction

This section identifies preliminary issues, Draft Technical Study Plans, and comprehensive and resource management plans relevant to Southern California Edison Company's Rush Creek Project (Project). The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission's (FERC) content requirements for this section are specified in Title 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Chapter I § 5.6(d)(4). Additional information regarding the formal study plan development and implementation process is provided in the Relicensing Process Plan (Appendix A).

5.2 PRELIMINARY ISSUES

The Pre-Application Document identifies for FERC and other entities existing, relevant, and reasonably available information pertaining to the Project to help identify issues and related information needs; develop study requests and study plans; and provide the basis for analyzing potential Project impacts.

On March 15, 2021, SCE distributed a Project Information Questionnaire to over 200 stakeholders, including Federal and state resource agencies; local governments; Native American Tribes; non-governmental organizations; and other interested parties. The questionnaire requested assistance identifying existing, relevant, and reasonably available information to describe the existing Project environment; invited stakeholders to identify Project-related issues, concerns, or interests; and requested identification of data gaps or additional information needs for consideration during development of the relicensing studies. SCE asked that stakeholders return completed questionnaires by April 15, 2021.

SCE received responses from seven stakeholders (Appendix B). Five stakeholders identified general areas of interest and/or specific resource issues or concerns including: United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS); California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW); Department of Water Resources – Division of Dam Safety (DSOD); East Shore Silver Lake Improvement Association, Inc. (ESSLIA); and the June Lake Regional Planning Advisory Committee (JLRPAC). Two stakeholders only provide contact information and interest in participation in the relicensing including: National Park Service (NPS) and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP). Table 5-1 identifies the general resource areas in which each questionnaire responder had Project-related concerns or interests. Table 5-2 includes a summary of specific resource issues, concerns, interests, or study requests identified by stakeholders in response to the questionnaire.

5.3 DRAFT TECHNICAL STUDY PLANS

Based on existing Project operation and maintenance activities (Section 2.0); Proposed Project alternatives (Section 3.0); summary of existing information (Section 4.0); and responses to the Project Information Questionnaire (Appendix B), SCE developed the following 15 Draft Technical Study Plans for consideration in the relicensing proceeding.

The overall objective of the Draft Technical Study Plans is to address data gaps in existing information such that sufficient information is available to evaluate potential Project impacts and collaborate on the Proposed Project included in the License Application.

The Draft Technical Study Plans are organized into five major resource areas – Aquatic, Cultural, Land, Recreation, and Terrestrial as identified below. Each Draft Technical Study Plan is described in detail in Appendix C.

Aquatic Resources

AQ 1 - Instream Flow

AQ 2 - Hydrology

AQ 3 – Water Temperature

AQ 4 - Water Quality

AQ 5 - Geomorphology

AQ 6 - Fish Population and Barriers

AQ 7 - Special-status Amphibians

Cultural Resources

CUL 1 – Built Environment

CUL 2 - Archaeology

CUL 3 - Tribal

Land Resources

LAND 1 - Aesthetics

LAND 2 - Noise

Recreation Resources

REC 1 - Recreation

Terrestrial Resources

TERR 1 - Botanical

TERR 2 - Wildlife

5.4 RELEVANT QUALIFYING FEDERAL AND STATE COMPREHENSIVE PLANS

Section 10(a)(2)(A) of the Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. section 803 (a)(2)(A), requires FERC to consider the extent to which a project is consistent with Federal and state comprehensive plans for improving, developing, and conserving the waterways associated with a project. In addition, 18 CFR § 5.6(b)(2) requires that a potential applicant exercise due diligence in determining what information exists that is relevant to describing a project's existing environment, including review of Federal and state comprehensive plans filed with FERC and listed on its website.

The following describes the comprehensive plans that are relevant to the relicensing of the Project, based on a review of the FERC's September 2021 List of Comprehensive Plans and a review of other relevant planning documents. The effects of the Project activities will be evaluated with respect to each of these comprehensive plans during preparation of the

license application. The purpose of the evaluation will be to ensure that operation and maintenance of the Project; future decommissioning and retrofitting construction activities and associated restoration; and future enhancement of the lower Rush Creek channel are consistent with the goals and objectives outlined in these comprehensive plans.

5.4.1 Documents Identified on FERC's List of Comprehensive Plans

The FERC's List of Comprehensive Plans (FERC 2021) includes 13 planning documents which are relevant to the Rush Creek Project. These plans, as cited in the September 2021 list, are identified below. In some cases, updated versions of these documents are available and these are noted below with an asterisk (*) and the updated document is included for reference.

5.4.1.1 Federal Plans

- Forest Service. 1982. Comprehensive Management Plan for the Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail. Portland, OR. January 18, 1982.
- Forest Service.* 1988. Inyo National Forest Land and Resource Management Plan. Department of Agriculture, Bishop, California. August 1988.
 - Updated version: Forest Service. 2019. Land Management Plan for the Inyo National Forest: Fresno, Inyo, Madera, Mono, and Tulare Counties, California; Esmeralda and Mineral Counties, Nevada. Pacific Southwest Region. September.
- Forest Service. 1989. Mono Basin National Forest Scenic Area Comprehensive Management Plan. Department of Agriculture, Bishop, California.
- Forest Service. 2004. Sierra Nevada Forest Plan Amendment, Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement Record of Decision. Pacific Southwest Region. Department of Agriculture, Vallejo, California. January 2004.
- National Park Service. The Nationwide Rivers Inventory. Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 1993.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. n.d. Fisheries USA: The Recreational Fisheries Policy of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Washington, D.C.

5.4.1.2 State Plans

- California Department of Fish and Game. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2010.
 Final Hatchery and Stocking Program Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement. Sacramento, California. January 2010.
- California Department of Fish and Game.* 2007. California Wildlife: Conservation Challenges, California's Wildlife Action Plan. Sacramento, California. 2007.

- Updated version: California Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2015. California State Wildlife Action Plan. Sacramento, California. 2015.
- California Department of Fish and Game. 2003. Strategic Plan for Trout Management: A Plan for 2004 and Beyond. Sacramento, California. November 2003.
- California Department of Fish and Wildlife. 2008. California Aquatic Invasive Species Management Plan. Sacramento, California. January 18, 2008.
- California Department of Parks and Recreation.* 1998. Public Opinions and Attitudes on Outdoor Recreation in California. Sacramento, California. March 1998.
 - Updated version: California Department of Parks and Recreation. 2014. Survey on Public Opinions and Attitudes on Outdoor Recreation in California. January.
- California Department of Parks and Recreation.* 1994. California Outdoor Recreation Plan. Sacramento, California. April 1994.
 - Updated version: California Department of Parks and Recreation. 2015.
 Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan.
- California State Water Resources Control Board.* 2016. Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region. South Lake Tahoe and Victorville, California. January 2016.
 - Updated version: California State Water Resources Control Board. 2019.
 Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region. North and South Basins.
 October.

5.4.2 Other Relevant Management and Planning Documents

Five additional management / planning documents that are not included on the FERC's September 2021 List of Comprehensive Plans were also identified as being relevant to the Project. These documents are identified below.

5.4.2.1 Federal

- Forest Service. 2001. Ansel Adams, John Muir, and Dinkey Lakes Wilderness Management Plans.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2007. Recovery Plan for the Sierra Nevada Bighorn Sheep. California/Nevada Operations Office. Sacramento, California. September.

5.4.2.2 Local

- Mono County. 2020. Mono County General Plan. Mono County Planning Division, Mammoth Lakes, CA. 2020.
- Mono County. 2010. June Lake Area Plan, Community Development Element and Plan Safety Element.
- Great Basin Unified Air Pollution Control District. Current Rules and Regulations.

5.5 REFERENCES

FERC (Federal Energy Regulatory Commission). 2021. List of Comprehensive Plans. September.

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TABLES

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Table 5-1. Summary of General Resource Area Concerns or Interests Identified in Response to the Project Information Questionnaire

	Questionnaire Respondent						
Resource Area	АСНР	CDFW	DWR-DSOD	ESSLIA	JLRPAC	NPS	USFWS
Aesthetics				•	•		
Botanical and Wildlife		•		•			
Cultural							
Fish and Aquatics		•		•			
Geology and Soils				•	•		
Geomorphology				•			
Land Use							
Power Generation					•		
Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species		•		•			•
Recreation				•	•		
Riparian and Wetland		•		•			
Socioeconomics				•	•		
Tribal							
Water Quality				•			
Water Use / Water Supply				•			
Other			•	•			

Notes:

ACHP = Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

CDFW = California Department of Fish and Wildlife

DSOD = Department of Water Resources Division of Safety of Dams

ESSLIA = East Shore Silver Lake Improvement Association, Inc.

JLRPAC = June Lake Regional Planning Advisory Committee

NPS = National Park Service

USFWS = United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Table 5-2. Summary of Specific Resource Issues and Concerns Identified in Responses to the Project Information Questionnaire

Stakeholder	Summary of Resource Issues / Areas of Concern
Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, John Eddins, PhD, Archaeologist / Program Analyst	No comments at this time
California Department of Fish and	Fish and Aquatic Resources
Wildlife, Alyssa Marquez, Environmental Scientist	Effects to water quality and quantity, including temperature, due to Project operations and maintenance may adversely affect fish and aquatic resources as follows:
	Benthic Macroinvertebrate diversity
	 Amphibians and their habitat, including special-status species such as Yosemite toad and Sierra Nevada yellow-legged frog
	 Diversity, quantity, and composition of fish species
	Fish spawning and habitat
	 Dewatering of fish spawning habitat
	 Introduction, persistence, and proliferation of aquatic invasive species
	 Plant diversity, quantity, composition, and extent of wetland, riparian, and littoral habitats
	 Management of Large Woody Debris
	Wildlife Resources
	Project operations and maintenance may impact/disturb:
	 Migration, foraging, and nesting of bird species including special-status species such as: bald eagle (SE), northern harrier (SSC), loggerhead shrike (SSC), olive-sided flycatcher (SSC); and watch-list species such as osprey
	 Movement, foraging, and reproductive habits of amphibian and mammal species, including special- status species such as: Yosemite toad (FT), Sierra Nevada yellow-legged frog (ST, FE), Sierra Nevada Bighorn sheep (FP, SE, FE), and Sierra Nevada red fox
	Bat colonies roosting within Project structures
	Botanical Resources
	Project operations and maintenance may facilitate/impact:
	Spread of invasive plant species
	 Sensitive natural community types (e.g., aspen)
	Rare, Threatened and Endangered Species
	Project may impact:
	 Reproduction, foraging, and movement/migration of Endangered Species Act (ESA) listed, California Endangered Species Act (CESA) listed, and State Fully Protected species as referenced above under the fish and aquatic, wildlife, and botanical resources

Stakeholder	Summary of Resource Issues / Areas of Concern
Department of Water Resources Division of Safety of Dams, Andrew Mangney,	Safety of the dams and their appurtenances
Field Engineering Branch Chief	 Any work altering, repairing, or moving the dams or their appurtenance requires DSOD review and approval
East Shore Silver Lake Improvement Association, Mark Shoemaker, President	 Sedimentation of Rush Creek and Silver Lake directly affects ecological balance, fish and aquatic resources, endangered species, wetland habitats, and local economy
	 SCE dam activities impact recreational activities on Rush Creek and Silver Lake with sedimentation build- up impacting the ability of boats, anglers, kayaks, and paddle boards to navigate the waterways
	 Sedimentation may affect Los Angeles Department of Water and Power ability to access water for Los Angeles water needs in the foreseeable future
	 Bottom line – there is a need for dredging in the creek in the near future
June Lake Regional Planning Advisory Committee, David Rosky	 Consistent powerhouse noise (buzzing and humming) that can be heard in residential area since generator upgrades
	 Restore reasonable instream flows that track better with seasonal reservoir inflows and improves the aesthetic of Horsetail Falls
	 Legitimize recreational access through SCE lands to ice climbing areas near the Rush Creek Powerhouse
	Silting in the creek channel and alluvial plain between the Rush Creek Powerhouse and Silver Lake which has increased flood potential to down-canyon residential areas and degraded river recreation
	 Modify the instream flow requirements to more closely mimic the natural hydrograph
	 Increased flood potential to down-canyon residential areas should license surrender be contemplated by SCE
	 Excessive helicopter use by SCE during recent/future construction activities
National Park Service, Stephen Bowes, Hydropower Relicensing Coordinator	No comments at this time.
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Chad Mellison, Fisheries Biologist	Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species

Notes:

FE = Federally Endangered
FP = Fully Protected
FT = Federally Threatened
SE = State Endangered
SSC = CDFW Species of Special Concern
ST = State Threatened

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