

An EDISON INTERNATIONAL® Company

Kaweah Project (FERC Project No. 298)

FERC Relicensing Process Overview

June 9, 2015

Relicensing Process

- Environmental Review Process Under FERC Jurisdiction
- Requires Specific Consultation Activities
- Evaluates Effects of On-going Operations and Maintenance of the Project
- Establishes New License Term and Conditions

Relicensing Process - History

Integrated Licensing Process (ILP)

Alternative Licensing Process (ALP)

Hybrid/Enhanced Traditional Process

Traditional Licensing Process (TLP)

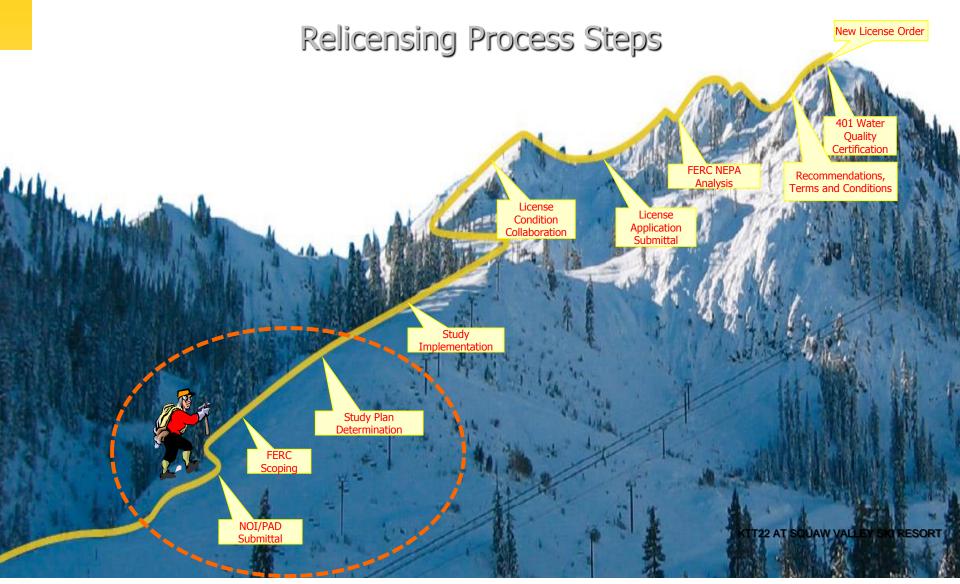
Integrated Licensing Process (ILP)

- Developed to Streamline the Licensing Process by Providing a Predictable, Efficient, and Timely Process
- Process Selected by SCE for Relicensing of the Project

Key Characteristics of ILP

- Early Issue Identification and Resolution of Studies
 Needed
- Integration of State and Federal Agency and Tribal Permitting Process Needs, Including:
 - FERC's scoping pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)
 - License applicant's pre-filing consultation
 - State, Federal, and Tribal permitting processes
 - State Water Board 401 Certification
 - USFWS ESA Consultation
- Established Timeframes to Complete Process Steps





Early Relicensing Activities

Notice of Intent (NOI):

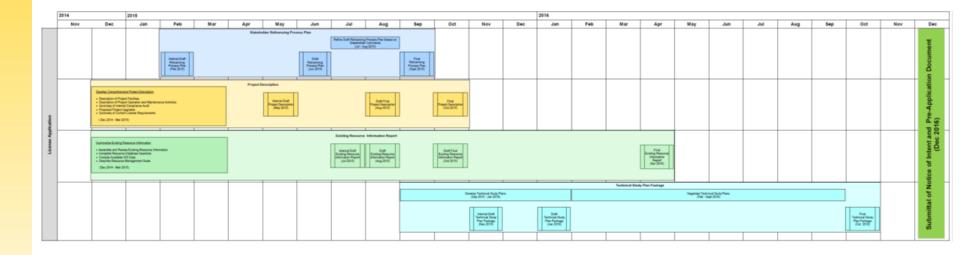
 A NOI is an Unequivocal Statement of the Potential Applicant's Intention to File an Application for a New License

Early Relicensing Activities

Pre-Application Document (PAD) Content:

- Relicensing Process Plan and Schedule
- Project Description
- Stakeholder Interest Statements
- Description of Existing Environment and any Known Resource Impacts
- Relevant Comprehensive Plans
- Preliminary List of Issues and Proposed Studies
- Consultation Documentation

Development of Key Elements of PAD



FERC Scoping

Pre-Application Document Dec 2016

FERC Scoping Scoping Document 1 Scoping Meeting/Site Visit Feb and Mar 2017 120 Days

Stakeholder Comments Due:

- PAD
- Scoping Document 1
- Study Request

Apr 2017

Study Plan Development

- Critical Element of ILP
- Important to Ensure Timely and Informed Decisions
- Challenging and Time Consuming
- FERC-defined Study Criteria
- Based on Information Provided in the PAD and During Scoping

Stakeholder Study Requests

Must Include:

- Goals and Objectives of Study Proposal
- Relevant Resource Management Goals
- Relevant Public Interest Considerations
- Existing Information Concerning the Proposal
- Need for Additional Information

Stakeholder Study Requests (continued)

Must Include:

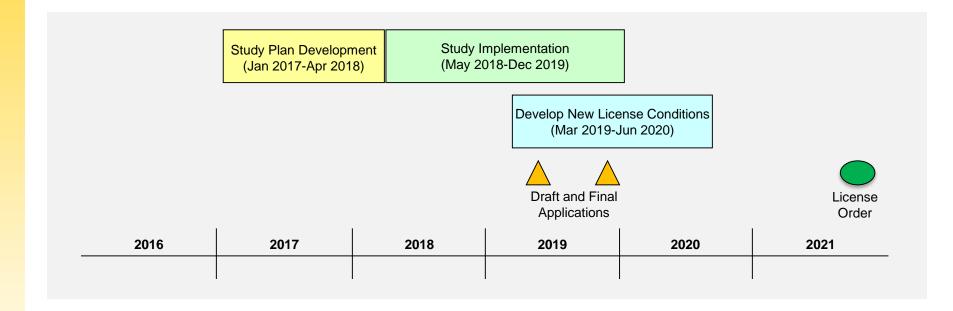
- Nexus with Project
- Proposed Methodology and Explanation that Methods are Consistent with Generally Accepted Practices
- How Study Results will Inform Development of New License Conditions
- Level of Effort and Cost

FERC Study Plan Development Process

Applicant Includes List of Proposed Studies in PAD Participants File Study Request in Response to FERC's Scoping Notice Applicant Files Proposed Study Plan Parties Meet to Resolve any Study Disputes Applicant Files Revised Study Plan Formal Dispute Process **OEP Director Issues Study Plan Determination**

Process takes more than a year

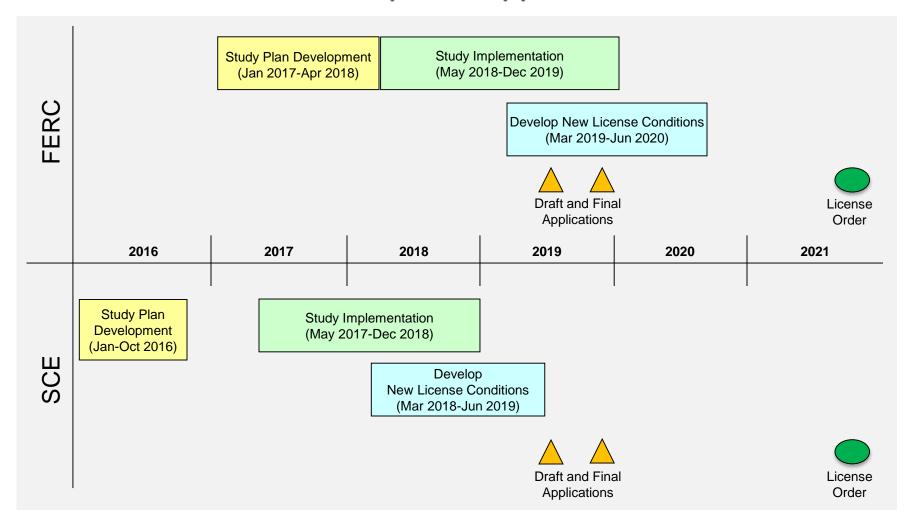
FERC Study Plan Development Process



SCE's Proposed Study Plan Development Process

- Early Collaboration on Study Plan Development
 - Approved Study Plan in PAD (Dec 2016)
- Early Implementation of Approved Studies
 - Field studies initiated (2017)
 - Studies completed (2017-2018)

SCE's Proposed Approach



Development of Key Elements of PAD

